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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.						
n/a	Cor	nfirmed				
×		The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
x		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
×		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
×		A description of all covariates tested				
x		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
×		A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
×		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.				
	x	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
x		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
x		Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				

Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

Provide a description of all commercial, open source and custom code used to collect the data in this study, specifying the version used OR state that no software was used.

Data analysis

Statistics

Data analysis: Next generation sequencing data was processed in the Julia language (version 1.1.1), using the NextGenSeqUtils.jl package (version 1.0). Jupyter notebooks to reproduce the NGS data processing are available at: https://github.com/MurrellGroup/Ty1

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u>. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The sequence of Ty1 was deposited in the NCBI GenBank sequence data base and is available under the accession code MT784731.

BLI and ITC data is available here https://github.com/derpaule/Ty1_octet_itc and here doi:10.5061/dryad.gb5mkkwmz. Next generation sequencing data is deposited at the SRA, under BioProject ID PRJNA638614. Jupyter notebooks to reproduce the NGS data processing are available at: ttps://github.com/MurrellGroup/Ty1. Other source data are provided with this paper.

Field-sne	ecific reporting						
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	ne below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.						
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences						
For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>							
Life scier	nces study design						
All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.							
Sample size	No sample-size calculation was performed as it is non relevant for this study.						
Data exclusions No data was excluded of any analysis performed							
Replication	Replicated experiments are indicated in the figure legends						
Randomization	rudy focuses on functional and structural characterization of a novel nanobody, and randomization is not relevant.						
Blinding	This study focuses on functional and structural characterization of a novel nanobody, and blinding is not relevant.						
Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods							
We require informati	on from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,						
system or method lis	ted is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.						
	perimental systems Methods						
n/a Involved in th							
Antibodies							
Eukaryotic Palaeontol	cell lines						
	ad other organisms						
	search participants						
Clinical dat							
✗ ☐ Dual use re	esearch of concern						
'							
Antibodies							
Antibodies used	anti ds-RNA mAb J2, SCICONS, Product No. 10010500, Batch No. J2-1915						
	Donkey anti-Mouse IgG (H+L) Alexa Fluor 488, Invitrogen, Cat# A-21202, Lot 2147618 E Tag Antibody, Bethyl laboratories, Cat# A190-133P						
Validation	ds-RNA antibody was validated by titration using virus infected and un-infected cells. E tag antibody was validated by ELISA.						
Eukaryotic c	ell lines						
Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>							
Cell line source(s)	Cell lines were purchased from ATCC: HEK293T (ATCC-CRL-3216), Vero E6 (ATCC CRL-1586) or Thermo Fischer Scientific: FreeStyle 293-F						
Authentication	HEK293T: authentication was not performed. Stock of cells was recently purchased from ATCC; Vero E6: authentication was not performed. This cell line does not belong to the list of frequently misidentified cell lines.						

Mycoplasma contamination

All cell lines used for experiments were negative for Mycoplasma as determined by PCR.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

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Anımal	ls and	Lother	organism:

histogram

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

	O .							
Policy information about studies	involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research							
Laboratory animals New	world camelid, Alpaca, male, 9.4 years							
Wild animals This	study did not involve wild animals							
Field-collected samples This	udy did not involve samples collected in the field.							
	work involving animal immunizations at PreClinics GMBH complies with the relevant ethical regulations for animal sting and research.							
Note that full information on the ap	proval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.							
Flow Cytometry								
Plots								
Confirm that:								
The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).								
The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).								
All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.								
A numerical value for num	A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.							
Methodology								
Sample preparation	Cells were trypsinized, and fixed in 4% PFA, and stained with Ty1-AS635P under permeabilizing conditions (0.1% saponin) or with RBD-AS635P under non-permeabilizing conditions.							
Instrument	BD FACSCelesta							
Software	Flow cytometry data was collected with BD FACS Diva software and analyzed with the FlowJo Software package							
Cell population abundance	No sorting was performed with the flow cytometer							
Gating strategy	For gating forward scatter vs side scatter was used to separate cell from debris, resulting events were displayed as a							